

Smarter Diabetes Management



Investor Presentation

Forward Looking Statement



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ALR Technologies SG Ltd



Revolutionizing Diabetes Management

WHAT WE DO We combine cutting edge blood sugar testing hardware with our patented diabetes management platform to solve problems in diabetes management

OPPORTUNITY Our total addressable market is over 3 million diabetic cats and dogs and a massive 537 million humans living with diabetes.

FIRST MOVER: ANIMAL HEALTH

The GluCurve Pet CGM is the first and only Continuous Glucose Monitor (CGM) and diabetes management platform for cats and dogs.

HUMAN HEALTH

FIRST MOVER: The ALRT Diabetes Solution is clinically proven to reduce A1C by 1.2% and is the first and only FDA cleared platform to address adherence to care with active patient management utilizing our patented Predictive A1C.

INVESTMENT We plan to uplist onto a major stock exchange, but currently ALRTF is listed on the OTC.QB market which presents an opportunity to invest before Wall Street does.

Diabetes Monitoring Systems



BGM vs CGM

Blood Glucose Meter (BGM)

- Humans use a lancet to draw blood from a finger, pets typically require a veterinarian to draw blood from a vein using a syringe.
- The blood is then placed on test strip and inserted into a Blood Glucose Meter to display the current glucose level.
- BGM testing is not optimal for humans and not realistic for pet parents.





Continuous Glucose Monitor (CGM)

- A small wearable sensor that detects glucose levels in the interstitial fluid and sends the readings to a smart device (phone) using Bluetooth.
- Depending on model, captures glucose levels every 1-5 minutes for 14 days
- Provides large amounts of glucose readings (data) to better manage care
- Convenient, effortless, and considered to be the future of diabetes monitoring.

ALRT Divisions

Animal & Human



OTCMKTS: ALRTF

- 1. Animal Health
 - 2. Human Health

Why GluCurve?



Sold to vets, designed for pets

97% of veterinarians surveyed* said they would use the GluCurve Pet CGM.



Because the only other two options are:

- 1. Use a human CGM off label which means writing a prescription for the pet parent to pick up at a pharmacy, no veterinary software, no support from the manufacturer, and hardware that typically requires glue to stay on and isn't designed for pets.
- 2. Conduct an in-clinic Glucose which consists of dropping the pet off at a clinic for 10-12 hours to have blood drawn with a syringe every 2-hours and tested in a BGM to provide 6 data points (glucose levels).

Both options are problematic and typically more expensive

*Conducted by SmartPharma LLC, April 2021

The GluCurve Pet CGM

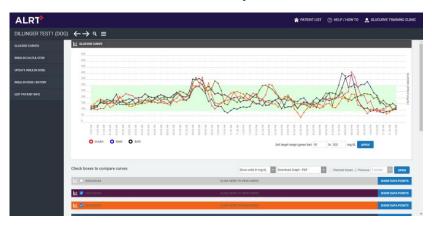
Revolutionizing diabetes management



	GluCurve Advantages	Benefits
/	Sold directly to clinics	Financially favorable, kept on-hand
~	14 day memory	No lost data
/	Applied with a button	No discomfort during application
~	Pet friendly adhesive pad	No glue needed
~	Readings every 1 minute	20,000+ data points over 14 days
~	Free veterinary web portal	Customized for veterinary needs
~	Free pet owner app	Customized for pet owner needs

OTCMKTS: ALRTF

GluCurve Veterinary Web Portal



- Large scale patient management software
- Compares/overlays daily glucose curves
- Insulin dose calculators & guidelines
- Enables remote care
- Glucose reports
- Insulin prescription tracking

Market Opportunity

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Population and Demand

1 in 175 cats* and 1 in 300 dogs** have diabetes, resulting in over 3 million diabetic pets worldwide.

ALRT is the only company that provides pet CGMs (and diabetic management software) and there is a significant barrier to entry.

Thus providing ALRT and its shareholders a lucrative opportunity by producing significant earnings and revenue from filling an unmet need in animal health.

Cats approx. 0.58% or 1 in 175

*O'Neill, D G et al. "Epidemiology of Diabetes Mellitus among 193,435 Cats Attending Primary-Care Veterinary Practices in England." Journal of veterinary internal medicine vol. 30,4 (2016): 964-72. doi:10.1111/jvim.14365

Dogs approx. 0.36 or 1 in 300

**Yoon, Samuel et al. "Epidemiological study of dogs with diabetes mellitus attending primary care veterinary clinics in Australia." The Veterinary record vol. 187,3 (2020): e22. doi:10.1136/vr.105467

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The Diabetes Challenge

Current methods



The problem with current diabetes management can be summarized in two words:

Clinical Inertia

The failure to advance therapy on a timely basis

- A Cleveland Clinic study across 7,389 patients showed the following patients received **no intensification over a year's time**:
 - 72% patients with A1C between 7-7.9% received **no** intensification
 - 53% patients with A1C between 8-8.9% received **no** intensification
 - 44% patients with A1C ≥9% received no intensification

OTCMKTS: ALRTF



Clinical Inertia in Type 2 Diabetes Management: Evidence From a Large, Real-World Data Set

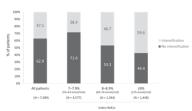
https://doi.org/10.2337/dc18-0116

Anita D. Misra-Hebert, 2,3 Todd M. Hobbs,4 Xinge Ji,3 Sheldon X. Kong,5 Alex Milinovich,3 Wayne Wena.5 Janine Bauman. Rahul Ganauly. Bartolome Burguera,1, Michael W. Kattan,3 and

Despite clinical practice guidelines that oral antihyperglycemic drugs (OADs) for OAD, addition of a glucagon-like peptic recommend frequent monitoring of HbA_{1c} at least 6 months prior to the index HbA_{1c}. 1 receptor agonist, or addition of insulin) (every 3 months) and aggressive escala- This HbA1, threshold would generally be As shown in Fig. 1, almost two-thirds o tion of antihyperglycemic therapies until expected to trigger treatment intensifi- patients had no evidence of intensifica uncontrolled type 2 diabetes (T2D) is of- period following the index HbA_{1c} and HbA_{1c} ≥7% (≥53 mmol/mol), suggestive ten inappropriately delayed. The failure of changes in diabetes therapy were evalu- of poor glycemic control. Most alarming clinicians to intensify therapy when clinated for evidence of "intensification" (e.g., was the finding that even among patients ically indicated has been termed "clinical increase in OAD dose, addition of another in the highest index HbA₁c category (≥93 inertia." A recently published systematic review found that the median time to treatment intensification after an HbA... measurement above target was longer than 1 year (range 0.3 to >7.2 years) (3). We have previously reported a rather high rate of clinical inertia in patients uncontrolled on metformin monotherapy (4). Treatment was not intensified early (within 6 months of metformin monotherapy failure) in 38%, 31%, and 28% of patients when poor glycemic control was defined as an HbA_{1c} ≥7% (≥53 mmol/mol), ≥7.5% (≥58 mmol/mol), and ≥8% (≥64 mmol/mol), respectively.

Using the electronic health record system at Cleveland Clinic (2005-2016), we identified a cohort of 7,389 patients with T2D who had an HbA_{1c} value ≥7% (≥53 mmol/mol) ("index HbA₁₋") despite

glycemic targets are reached (1,2), the intensification of therapy in patients with records were reviewed for the 6-month during the 6 months following the index



among 7,389 patients with T2D during a 6-month period following an HbA_{1,c} = 7% (=53 mmol/mol)
All patients had been using a stable regimen of two OADs for at least 6 months preceding th

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and the work is not altered. More information is available at http://www.diabe

Diabetes Care Publish Ahead of Print, published online April 20, 2018

The ALRT Approach



Our unique diabetes management solution

ALRT addresses clinical inertia by:

- Shifting diabetes care from patient self-management to active patient management by the healthcare provider
- Providing artificial intelligence (AI) assisted management of large patient populations
- Patented **Predictive A1C** to track progression, and an FDA cleared **Insulin Dose Adjustment** feature that facilitates healthcare providers to optimize insulin dosing on a timely basis
- Providing the only available **preventive** option to contain the progression of diabetes
- Ensuring all patients receive diabetes care based on best practice guidelines
- Tracking performance of both patients and health care providers

Reducing A1C

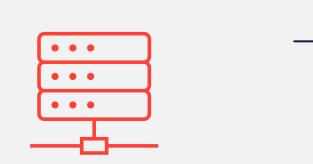
- According to the CDC, "In general, every percentage drop in A1C blood test results (e.g. from 8% to 7%) can reduce the risk of microvascular complications (eye, kidney and nerve diseases) by 40%"*
- ALRT's Diabetes Solution has shown to reduce A1C by 1.22% (from 8.8%) in various clinical studies

*2011 National Diabetes Fact Sheet, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, Page 10, www.cdc.gov/diabetes/pubs/pdf/ndfs 2011.pdf

Our Process



The ALRT Diabetes Management Solution



Mass data collection through low-cost BGM or CGM



Our powerful AI, Predictive A1C®, combs through millions of data points to suggest treatment plans



Findings are delivered via our patient management portal directly to the healthcare provider

The Future for ALRT Human Health



Low-cost human CGMs

Continuous Glucose Monitor (CGM) use rate

- According to the CDC, over 37 million Americans have diabetes, and approximately 90-95% of them have type 2 diabetes
- However, according to a 2021 market analysis by Seagrove Partners, only 2.4 million Americans used CGMs. Furthermore, as high as 70% of CGM use is by type 1 diabetics with only 3-4% of type 2 diabetics utilizing CGMs despite established benefits.

Why the discrepancy?

We at ALRT believe the primary barrier to CGM use is cost. We are developing an ultra-low-cost CGM that will be paired with our Diabetes Solution software at a monthly price that is competitive to meter and strips (BGM).

More information will be provided in the future

Thank you!

Have any questions?

For more information or investment opportunities please contact ir@alrt.com





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